

ART- PROGRESSION OF SKILLS

	Drawing	Painting	Sculpting	Printing	Collage	Other Art Forms
Nursery	To create lines and circles using a range of media. To create enclosed shapes to represent self (body, face) in a range of media. To begin to create closed shapes to represent objects. To begin to draw with increasing detail. To begin to show different emotions in drawings and paintings.	To begin to explore painting with chunky brushes with lidded pots progressing onto different sized brushes in Spring Term. To begin to explore colour whilst painting. To begin to explore colour mixing.	To begin to explore a variety of malleable materials- playdough, salt dough (progressing to silk clay in Spring term). To begin to use some techniques to shape malleable materials e.g. rolling, stretching, flattening. To begin to join different materials through junk modelling.	To explore printing with leaves and body parts. To explore printing with carved potatoes.	To explore materials freely and begin to develop their own ideas about how to use them and what to make. To begin to use natural materials to represent real life images.	



Reception	To draw with increasing complexity and detail, for example, representing a face with a circle and including details. To show different emotions in drawings and paintings. To complete simple observational drawings, for example, flowers.	To continue to explore colour and colour mixing with paints. To use a range of brushes with a variety of thickness and materials. To add additional medias to paint to change the appearance and texture.	To compare a range of malleable material including clay and natural materials. To use silk clay to build a simple structure.	To print with a variety of objects- including a range of utensils and leaves. To explore printing with fruit and vegetables focusing upon pattern.	To use natural materials to represent real images.	To begin to explore weaving with natural materials.
Year 1	To begin to control the types of marks made with the range of media. To draw on different surfaces with a range of media. To develop a range of tone using a	To know that the primary colours are red, yellow and blue. To know that the secondary colours are orange, green and purple. To understand and practise mixing		To experiment printing with a variety of textures e.g. sponges, foams, vegetables. To print onto a variety of media e.g. paper, card, fabric.	To look at pieces of art where artists have used natural materials (grass, feathers, wheat, leaves, flowers). To sketch natural materials in their sketchbooks.	



	pencil and use a variety of drawing techniques such as: hatching, scribbling, stippling, and blending to create light/ dark lines (where appropriate)	primary colours to create secondary colours. To experiment with making colouring lighter or darker by either adding white or black. To make as many tons of one colour as possible using white. To experiment with painting using different types of brushes.		Experiment printing with cross sections of fruits and vegetables. Discuss what the children notice when they print with different fruits and vegetables. To create different patterns using fruits and vegetables.	To be able to plan and know where materials can be placed to make their own art. To experiment with folding, overlapping and tearing materials.	
Year 2	To continue to investigate tone by drawing light/dark lines, light/dark patterns, light/dark shapes using a pencil.	To be able to identify the colours used in the artwork and if they are primary or secondary colours. Poster Paints To be able to use and mix poster	To be able to discuss and comment upon the work of Yoyai Kusama. To look at different sculptures and explore what materials were			



To draw	paints to create	used to make	
ines/marks from	different colours.	them.	
observations.	To create a	To allow children	
To develop a range	background using	to explore using	
of tone using a	poster paints and	clay and practise	
pencil and use a	applying colour	rolling, cutting,	
variety of drawing	knowledge.	moulding and	
techniques such as: hatching,	Water Colours	carving.	
scribbling,	To experiment with		
stippling, and	· ·		
blending to create	watercolour paints.		
ight/ dark lines	To be able to mix		
(where	watercolours to		
appropriate)	create different		
	colours. For		
To demonstrate	example: make a		
control over the	colour lighter/		
types of marks	darker		
made with a range			
of media such as	To practise water		
crayons, pastels,	colour painting		
felt tips, charcoal,	techniques. For		
pen, chalk.	example, blotting		
To practise using	using tissues,		
charcoal by	bleeding, layer.		
•			
drawing lines at different angles			
•			
and varying thickness and			
smudging.			



obse draw	omplete ervational vings/ sketches udor houses.				
patte with medi To co deve tone and u of dra techr as: h scrib stipp blend light/ (whe	entinue to elop a range of using a pencil use a variety rawing niques such natching, eling, and ding to create / dark lines	To understand that tertiary colours are created by mixing primary and secondary colours together. Acrylic Paint To explore acrylic paints and practise various techniques (layering, dry brush, washing, detailing). To use different thicknesses of paintbrushes and select the correct paintbrush for the painting being completed.	To use card and recyclable material to build the free standing structure of the masks. To use Papier Mache embossing and modelling techniques to create a 3D mask. To use acrylic painting skills to decorate the mask in the Ancient Egyptian Style.	To practise etching onto foam blocks and created repeated patterns. To practise layering prints with different colours.	



Year 4	Celtic Art	To recreate Celtic	To recreate Celtic line	To use a variety of	<u>Pastels</u>
	To recreate Celtic line art using a range of media such as: pencil work, etching and modelling. To be able to draw	line art using a range of media such as: pencil work, etching and modelling.	art using a range of media such as: pencil work, etching and modelling.	media and resources to create mosaics e.g. foam tiles, ceramic tiles and digital media. To develop a deepened understanding of	To practise using pastels and creating different shades and textures by using techniques such as blending, blocking, hatching and
	parallel lines with increasing			pattern in art.	stumbling.
	accuracy.			To create	To create a portrait
	To understand the importance of detail, accuracy and symmetry when creating Celtic artwork.			increasingly accurate college work.	or self-portrait in the style of Fridu Kahlo using pastels.
	Portraits				
	To experiment with different types of pencils e.g. HB, 2B and to use different tones with pencils.				
	To learn to accurately draw facial features that				



	are proportional to one another.				
Year 5	To use a range of pencils and shading techniques studied (hatching and cross hatching) to complete observational drawings To use a range of pencils and shading techniques (hatching and cross hatching) to show light and dark. To work in a sustained and independent way to create a detailed drawing.	To create different colours and shades using the five colours L.S Lowry used: red, blue, yellow, white and black. To use different paints to mix colours and comment upon the best paint to mix.	To use different media forms (clay, junk materials) to create sculptures.		Textiles- Weaving To use paper to create a simple weaving pattern. To be able to weave yarn on a loom and use the 'under, over technique' to create a pattern. To explore the use of different loom sizes and shapes and materials when weaving.



	Use different techniques for different purposes i.e. shading, hatching within their own work. To begin to develop their own style using tonal contrast and mixed media.			
Year 6	To use a range of pencils and shading techniques studied (hatching and cross hatching) to complete observational drawings To work in a sustained and independent way to develop their	Use spray painting to create a print To revise painting techniques such as layering, blotting etc using a range of paints and identify which would be best for expressionist art. To use a range of brushes with different thicknesses and select the	To draw accurate stencils and use spray paint to create a print.	Digital Art To use digital technology to create mood boards. Photography To identify different aspects of photography (e.g, background, lighting, filters etc). To take pictures that represent a



own style of drawing. To draw for a sustained period of time over a number of sessions working on one piece. Use different techniques for different purposes i.e. shading, hatching within their own work, understanding which works well in their work and why. To develop their own style using tonal contrast and mixed media.	ect brush for the			well-considered and thought out theme. To edit pictures by adding filters, cropping etc.
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